## A 100% hybrid/electric fleet



Piloting the initiative, the Sonepar Group's French unit has launched an ambitious project to convert its entire corporate fleet by 2022 and to equip its network of more than 500 locations with charging stations to accelerate the energy transition among employees and customers. An estimated 5,000 tCO<sub>2</sub>e will be avoided.

Starting date of the project	November 2020		
Project Localisation Places of implementation of the project at this stage and targeted geography if replicable.	The pilot project was launched nationwide in France. The project to convert the fleet to hybrid/electric energy will be gradually rolled out across Sonepar's 43 host countries.		
Project objectives Type of climate innovation of the project with a description of the problem/issue addressed	Sonepar France's fleet consists of more than 2,000 'commercial' vehicles, which together account for 10% of its carbon footprint. The project therefore aims to reduce the fleet's carbon footprint by 30%. This reduction will result from the conversion of 100% of the fleet vehicles. An additional goal of the initiative is to set the example as a leader in the distribution of electrical products, helping to speed up the roll-out of this energy transition solution.		
	<ul> <li>A hybrid/electric fleet: roll-out of a hybrid/electric fleet for all employees who use a corporate car (around 2,000) by mid-2022.</li> <li>Employee change management: a service offer encouraging employees to choose electric over hybrid solutions, with a corporate card for topping up their car at one of 20,000 charging stations across France, a long-distance vehicle rental option and a home charging station installation service.</li> <li>Eco-driving: introduction of an eco-driving training course for all employees before they take the wheel of a corporate car. Trainees are given the information they need to reduce their energy consumption by some 10% to 20%.</li> <li>Charging stations across the network: installation of around 1,800 charging stations across all Sonepar locations, including head offices, branches and logistics platforms.</li> <li>Optimised energy management: implementation of a centralised management system for all the charging stations to optimise charging times and, in turn, the consumption level of the entire fleet.</li> </ul>		
Main project's drivers for reducing the greenhouse gas emissions	Reduction levers         Image: Second Structure         Image: Second Structure	Details on the aspects of the project         • Reduction of fossil fuel consumption         • Car policy for employees         • E-learning modules on the energy transition for all 5,000 employees         • Eco-driving training for the 2,000 employees with a company car         • Shifting from internal combustion to electric vehicles         • Managing the network of charging stations to optimise consumption	
	☑ Reduction of other greenhouse gases emission	Reduction of internal combustion vehicle     NOx and CO emissions	

Emission scope(s) on which the project has a significant impact and quantification of GHG emission reductions per emission scope

	Aspects of the project contributing to the reduction of emissions by emission category	Quantification of associated GHG emissions by emission category
		Please follow the quantification methodology used in <u>the Afep</u> guidelines.
Reduction of the company's ca	arbon dependency	
Scope 1 Direct emissions generated by the company's activity.	Reduction of fossil fuel consumption	-4,231 tCO₂e
Scope 2 Indirect emissions associated with the company's electricity and heat consumption.	Electricity consumption from charging stations	+166 tCO₂e
Scope 3 Emissions induced (upstream or downstream) by the company's activities, products and/or services in its value chain.	Reduction of upstream energy consumption	-1,028 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
Increase of carbon sinks		
Emissions Absorption Carbon sinks creation, (BECCS, CCU/S,)		
GHG emissions avoided by the	e company at third parties	1
Avoided Emissions Emissions avoided by the activities, products and/or services in charge of the project, or by the financing of emission reduction projects		

## Clarification on the calculation or other remarks:

	Pre-project situation	Post-project situation
	Diesel consumption = 3,492,617 litres/year	Diesel consumption = 1,863,138 litres/year
	Electricity consumption = 0 MWh/year	Electricity consumption = 4,507 MWh/year
	Diesel emission factor = 2.51 kgCO <sub>2</sub> /l	Diesel emission factor = 2.51 kgCO <sub>2</sub> /l
	Upstream diesel emission factor = 0.657 kgCO <sub>2</sub> /l	Upstream diesel emission factor = 0.657 kgCO <sub>2</sub> /l
	Electricity emission factor = 0.395 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Electricity emission factor = 0.3689 tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh
	Upstream electricity emission factor = $0.176$ tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	Upstream electricity emission factor = $0.176$ tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh
	Initial CO <sub>2</sub> emissions = 11,061 tCO <sub>2</sub> e	Final CO <sub>2</sub> emissions = 6,157 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
	Broken down as follows:	5,093 tCO₂e avoided as follows:
	• Scope 1 = 8,766 tCO <sub>2</sub> e	• Scope 1 = -4,231 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
	• Scope 2 = 0	• Scope 2 = +166 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
	• Scope 3 = 2,295 tCO <sub>2</sub> e	• Scope 3 = -1,028 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
	Calculation standard used (ADEME base, GHG protocol, etc.): ISO 14064 and GHG Protocol Verification of the calculation (internal or external): Sonepar – internal	
al	The Sonepar Group wants to accelerate progress on sustainable development objectives, particularly in terms of alimete action and alexan reappoints a party	

Project maturity level	Prototype laboratory test (TRL 7)		
	$\Box$ Real life testing (TRL 7-8)		
	Pre-commercial prototype (TRL 9)		
	Small-scale implementation		
	□ Medium to large scale implementation		
	Remarks: Test conducted on ten electric vehicles and 120 charging stations installed at different		
	locations.		
Canacity and conditions of the	Project in the process of heing replicated in the 40 countries where Sopenar operates including Austria		
project reproducibility, with	Belgium. Brazil. France. Germany. Italy. UK. Mexico. Spain. Sweden. Switzerland. Netherlands and USA.		
associated climate impact	An initial estimate of the potential reduction in the Group's footprint with a 25% EV/75% hybrid fleet is as		
mitigation potential	follows: $33,000 \text{ tCO}_2 \text{e}$		
Amount of investment made (in €)	€5.3m in Opex $\rightarrow$ Roll-out of the hybrid/electric vehicle fleet of France €2.7m in Capex (€700k pet of subsidies) $\rightarrow$ Installation of the charging station network of France		
Economic profitability of the	$\propto$ ST (0-3 years)		
project (ROI)	$\Box$ MT (4-10 years)		
	$\Box$ LT (> 10 years)		
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Engaged partnerships	Kemarks click here to enter the information:		
Lingaged partiterships	Legrand, and Hager.		
Open comments from the project			
owner			
More about the project			
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Project URL links			
Illustrations of the project	Video		
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