

The Seagreen Offshore Wind Farm project aims at generating green electricity from wind energy. Seagreen will be Scotland's largest and the world's deepest offshore wind farm when complete. The 114 Seagreen wind turbines with 1075 MW installed capacity will provide enough green energy to power more than 1.6 million homes, equivalent to two-thirds of all Scottish homes¹.

Starting date of the project	First power is expected mid-2022 with the offshore w first half of 2023.	vind farm expected to enter commercial operation in the	
Project Localisation	Scotland – UK. 27 km off the coast of Angus in the North Sea.		
Project objectives	Contribute to decarbonize UK electricity mix		
Detailed project description	 With its low greenhouse gas emissions, wind power is a solution to decarbonize carbon intensive elctricity mixfuel of the future. TotalEnergies, as part of its ambition to be a world-class player in the energy transition, is developing its offshore wind power portfolio worldwide. The Seagreen project contributes to TotalEnergies' target of 100 GW of installed renewable power generation capacity by 2030 and is aligned with the company's ambition to get to net-zero emissions for all businesses by 2050, together with society. The Seagreen Offshore Windfarm is making a significant contribution to the decarbonisation of the UK electricity generation mix and to its net zero ambition by 2050 (2045 for Scotland). Seagreen is also delivering significant economic benefit to Scotland and the UK. The project is powering a green, economic recovery and supporting high value green jobs in Scotland, including direct, contractor and supply chain roles. In 2010, the Crown Estate awarded Seagreen Wind Energy Limited (SWEL, a joint venture between TotalEnergies - 51% - and SSE Renewables - 49%) the exclusive development rights for the Firth of Forth Zone of the UK's Round 3 offshore wind farm development programme. The Zone, located at 27 km from the Angus coastline, covers an area of around 3091 km² in the outer Firth of Forth. SWEL works closely with stakeholders and undertook extensive surveys and assessments to develop the Seagreen offshore wind farm. 114 turbines are currently under construction for a total installed capacity of 		
Main project's drivers for reducing			
the greenhouse gas emissions	Reduction levers	Details on the aspects of the project	
	behaviour)		
	Energy Decarbonisation	Decarbonisation of the UK electricity generation mix.	
	Energy efficiency improvements		
	□ Improving efficiency in non-energy resources		
	sinks, negative emissions (BECCS, CCU/S,)		
	□ Financing low-carbon producers or		
	disinvestment from carbon assets		
	□ Reduction of other greenhouse gases		
	emission		

¹ 1.62 million homes powered per annum based on Typical Domestic Consumption Values (Medium Electricity Profile Class 1, 2,900kWh per household; OFGEM, January 2020), typical 50% wind load factor, and projected installed capacity of up to 1.1GW. Two-thirds of homes in Scotland based on Household Estimates Scotland 2019 (National Records of Scotland, June 2020).

Emission scope(s) on which the			
project has a significant impact and quantification of GHG emission reductions per emission scope		Aspects of the project contributing to the reduction of emissions by emission category	Quantification of associated GHG emissions by emission category Please follow the quantification methodology used in <u>the Afep</u>
	Deduction of the componies		guidelines.
	Reduction of the company's carbon dependency		
	Direct emissions generated by		
	the company's activity.		
	Scope 2 Indirect emissions associated with the company's electricity		
	Scope 3		
	Emissions induced (upstream or downstream) by the company's activities, products		
	and/or services in its value		
	chain.		
	Emissions Absorption		
	Carbon sinks creation,		
	(BECCS, CCU/S,)		
	GHG emissions avoided by the	e company at third parties	. The appuel production is estimated
	Emissions avoided by the activities, products and/or services in charge of the project, or by the financing of emission reduction projects.	electricity generation mix.	 The annual production is estimated at 4304 GWh. The carbon intensity of the UK power generation from non- renewable sources is 440 tCO₂/GWb
			In the operation phase, over 1.9 MtCO ₂ e will therefore be avoided annually (all other things being equal).
	 Clarification on the calculation or other remarks: The project installed capacity is 1075 MW. The typical offshore wind load factor, as advised by BEIS for 2020, is 45.7% (link). This results in an estimated annual offshore wind farm production of 4304 GWh: 1075×0.457×8760 (nb of hours in a year) ÷ 1000 (to convert from MWh to GWh) 		
	 The estimated GHG em solid fuels, including nor 	issions from power generation fr n-renewable waste) in the UK in	om tossil tuels (coal, oil, gas and other 2020 is 440 tCO ₂ e/GWh (<u>link</u>).
	 Assuming negligible GH businesses using green in the UK will reduce the 	IG emissions in the operation ph electricity from Seagreen instea eir annual scope 2 emissions by	ase of the offshore windfarm, individuals or d of electricity from fossil-fuel power plants $4304 \times 440 = 1893.76 \text{ ktCO}_2\text{e}.$
Modality of verification of the	Calculation standard used (ADE	ME base, GHG protocol, etc.):	
quantification.	Data from the UK Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy (BEIS) and the Digest of UK Energy Statistics (DUKES) 2021 (link).		
Other environmental and social	The project contributes to SDG7	Affordable and clean energy by in	nication.
benefits of the project	energy, as well as <i>SDG13 Climate</i> targets and is needed to deliver or	<i>Action</i> as offshore wind is critic n ambitions set by the Climate C	al to meeting the UK's net-zero emission hange Committee.
	To ensure a low carbon footprint in production, the project has implem Invitation To Tender stage of proc commitments to: achieve net zero circular economy; guarantee fair w suppliers to sign up to the Supply	n its supply chain, as per <i>SDG12</i> nented several steps: inclusion o urement, signature of a Power N emissions; protect and enhance vork and good green jobs; add va Chain Sustainability School (<u>link</u>	2 Responsible Consumption and f a sustainability questionnaire at the let Zero Pact with suppliers (including the natural environment; transition to a alue to communities), and incentive for).
	The project also contributes to <i>SD</i> infrastructure by delivering signific local supply chain content and driv Harbour). Once the offshore wind Montrose will be home to up to 12 both from the Operations & Mainte	DG8 Decent work and economic g ant economic benefit to Scotland ves economic growth and investr farm is commissioned, the Seag 0 full-time operational roles work enance base and on offshore ser	growth and SDG9 Industry, innovation and d and the UK. The project maximizes the ment in local infrastructures (e.g. Montrose reen Operations and Maintenance base in sing to maintain the wind farm's turbines vice operations vessels.

	Finally, the project benefits <i>SDG4 Quality Education</i> by supporting STEM (science, technology, engineering and maths) skills in Dundee and Angus with a dedicated fund, and by encouraging contractors to address identified skills gaps and running local apprenticeship programmes.
Project maturity level	\Box Prototype Jaboratory test (TRI 7)
	\Box Pacific toting (TPL 7.9)
	Pre-commercial prototype (TRL 9)
	Small-scale implementation
	☑ Medium to large scale implementation
	Remarks: click here to enter the level of maturity of the project
Capacity and conditions of the project reproducibility, with	The project can be replicated in all countries depending on the following conditions: energy costs, wind resource, local permitting, local subsidies and taxation and technical feasibility.
mitigation potential	This project is aligned with the UK ambition to deliver 50 GW of offshore wind by 2030 and fits in TotalEnergies global offshore wind portfolio of more than 8 GW of projects under development and construction, including around 5 GW in the UK.
Amount of investment made (in €)	3.5 G€
Economic profitability of the	\Box ST (0-3 years)
project (ROI)	\square MT (4-10 years)
	⊠ LT (> 10 years)
	Remarks: click here to enter the information
Engaged partnerships	The project is a joint venture between TotalEnergies and SSE Renewables. In addition, the project is actively
	engaged in the following partnerships:
	R&D in collaboration with the UoS TIC (Technology & Innovation Centre University of
	Strathclyde) to reduce the cost of Operations & Maintenance by improving wind farm performance
	Collaboration with the Montrose Port Authority to increase the supply chain capacity through
	continued investment in infrastructure & coordination of supply chain across wind farm
	developments
Open comments from the project	The Seagreen project will be the world's deepest bottom-fixed offshore windfarm in the world when complete.
owner	It required the development of an innovative concept for the wind turbines foundations using suction caisson
	jackets.
More about the project	
Contact the company carrying the	damien.burignat@totalenergies.com
project	
Project URL links	nttps://www.seagreenwindenergy.com/
Titre SEO	Total's project aims at generating green electricity from wind energy.
Méta Description	The Seagreen Offshore Wind Farm project aims at generating green electricity from wind energy and will be
	Scotland's largest and the world's deepest offshore wind farm when complete.



